

## **Product Specification – Drexan™HeatTracer/TRM Brand Mineral Insulated Snow Melting Cables:**

### **Section 1 – General Introduction**

The supplier/contractor shall supply and install a complete snow melting system, including, but not limited to, heating cables, electrical wiring and distribution, controls, sensors, and steel strapping as required.

### **Section 2 – Products**

- 2.1 The products shall be approved for Snow Melting installations, in accordance with the latest CSA standards.
- 2.2 The heating cables are to be Drexan™ HeatTracer/TRM Brand Copper sheathed, MI Mineral Insulated type.  
Construction of the cable is to be: Mgo Magnesium Oxide insulated, with a copper or stainless steel seamless outer sheath. In the case of a copper sheath, there shall also be an outer HDPE jacket for corrosion protection when embedded.
- 2.3 In accordance with CSA standards, the heating element should not be altered in the field, and should be supplied as a finished heating unit, complete with cold leads and end terminations. Typical cold leads are 15' in length, but could be supplied as custom lengths if required.
- 2.4 Operational voltage of the heating cables shall be up to 600 Volts.

### **Section 3 – Installation Notes**

- 3.1 All components of the snow melting system, should be installed in accordance with local electrical codes, as applicable to each location.
- 3.2 All heating cables should be installed so not to cross one another. Spacing of 4" should be maintained between all heating runs.
- 3.3 Crossing of control joints, heating the trench drain, slab entry and junction box installation, should be done in accordance with the Drexan™ HeatTracer/TRM package of drawings entitled "Snow Melting Installation Drawings – Cross Sections"
- 3.4 Cable spacing should be a maximum of:
  - 3.4.1 8" for installation in concrete or mastic asphalt
  - 3.4.2 6" for installation in asphalt or sand (brick pavers)
- 3.5 The cable spacing calculation is as follows:  
Spacing inches = (Area in square feet x 12) / cable length in feet

#### **Section 4 – Control and Operation**

- 4.1 As a bare minimum, a high limit slab sensing thermostat should be installed.
- 4.2 Beyond this, an automatic snow controller, with a remote snow sensor, can be installed, for automatic control and operation, and energy efficiency.
- 4.3 It is recommended to always install a contactor to directly control the heating cable load, and not connect the heating cables direct to the controller.

#### **Section 5 – Testing, Verification and Inspection**

- 5.1 Before, during, and after installation, the heating cable should be tested with an insulation resistance meter, and an ohms meter. The insulation resistance meter shall be 500 Vdc, with a test result of no less than 20 Meg ohms. The ohms meter readings shall be within the values as stated on the cable tags.
- 5.2 After the system has been completed, the contractor must have the installation approved and inspected by the local electrical safety inspector. A copy of the inspection 'passed' report should be supplied to the customer, engineer, as requested.

#### **Section 6 – Warranty**

- 6.1 The standard warranty should be a minimum of 2 years, after substantial completion of the snow melting system.